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Americans with Disabilities Advocates,
RICHARD WHITEHURST and GEORGE S. LOUIE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES

ADVOCATES, a Nevada Nonprofit

Corporation, RICHARD WHITEHURST and
GEORGE S. LOUIE

Plaintiffs,

vs.

GATEWAY INN, 438 O'FARRELL STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO, CA AND RAKESH N
PATEL, 438 O'FARRELL STREET, SAN
FRANCISCO, CA

Defendants.

Case No.:

CIVIL RIGHTS

**COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATION OF CIVIL
RIGHTS AND DISCRIMINATION
AGAINST PERSONS WITH
DISABILITIES; AMERICANS WITH
DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990; CAL. CIVIL
CODE §§54, ET SEQ.; CAL. CIVIL CODE
§§51, ET SEQ.; CAL. CIVIL CODE
§§3345; CAL. HEALTH & SAFETY CODE
§§19955, ET SEQ.; CAL. ; NEGLIGENCE;
DECLARATORY RELIEF; DAMAGES
FOR PERSONAL INJURY**

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

INTRODUCTION

1. Plaintiffs complain of Defendants herein and allege that:

AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ADVOCATES is a Nevada Nonprofit Corporation
organized with the principal purpose of helping to eliminate discrimination against individuals
with disabilities by ensuring public facilities are in compliance with laws intended to provide

1 access to housing, public buildings, transportation, goods and services and to make sure that
2 people with disabilities are treated with dignity.

3 In addition, AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ADVOCATES ensures that disabled
4 persons are offered the same opportunities extended to people without disabilities and helps to
5 educate persons with disabilities about the laws related to them.

6 Members of AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ADVOCATES are primarily
7 individuals with disabilities and persons related to individuals with disabilities. Membership
8 includes residents throughout the United States.

9 As a result of their disabilities, certain accommodations are necessary to allow
10 AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ADVOCATES members access to public buildings,
11 transportation, goods and services.

12 AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ADVOCATES is committed to serving the needs
13 of all disabled people and fully supports the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990, California
14 Disabled Persons Act and Unruh Civil Rights Act.

15 AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ADVOCATES believes the goals and objectives
16 of these laws will enhance the quality of our society, that the American economy will be made
17 stronger by businesses that reach out to include all segments of the population, and that these
18 laws ultimately help to invigorate the economy by bringing more individuals with disabilities
19 into the consumer mainstream. It is also AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ADVOCATES'
20 belief that meaningful efforts to do so will offer many citizens more opportunities to participate
21 fully in the economic and social mainstream. There can be no question that the Americans With
22 Disabilities Act, passed in 1990, established as law the nation's interest in eradicating the bigotry
23 and barriers faced by individuals with disabilities 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq (hereafter "ADA").
24 In fact, the ADA states its first goal as being "to provide a clear and comprehensive national
25 mandate for the elimination of discrimination against individuals with disabilities." See, 42
26 U.S.C. §12101 (b) (1) (1999). The ADA creates the possibility that successful Plaintiffs may
27 establish permanent changes in the design and physical configuration of structures to better
28 accommodate the disabled 42 U.S.C. §12101 (A) (5). The benefits of each change clearly

rebound not only to Plaintiffs themselves, but also to similarly situated disabled persons, and the entire society at large. Plaintiffs or Plaintiffs' classes who bring suit pursuant to the ADA do so in the role of "private attorneys general" who seek to vindicate "a policy of the highest priority" See, Christiansburg Garment Co v EEOC, 434 U.S. 412, 417, 98 S.Ct. 694, 698 (discussing ADA Plaintiffs as private attorneys general); Rosenberg v Merill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, Inc., 170 F.3d 1, 11 (1st Cir, 1999).

GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL provides inadequate access to people with disabilities, including, inter alia: Inaccessible handicapped restroom facilities. There is no accessible route into the business due to steps (absolutely no handicapped accessible signage), a violation of ADAAG section 4.1.2(1) and Title 24 1107A.2.1. There are 3 steps leading into the facility. See Exhibit A, No accessible route into the business due to 3 steps leading into the facilities. Because of these barriers, entering this facility was impossible for persons with mobility disabilities, such as the Plaintiffs, to gain access to this facility.

JURISDICTION

This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. sections 1343(a)(3) and 1343(a)(4) for claims arising under the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. sections 12101, et. seq. Plaintiffs' cause of action arose in this district. GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL are residents of SAN FRANCISCO , California.

Under the doctrine of pendant and supplemental jurisdiction, this Court has jurisdiction over Plaintiffs' claims arising under California State law.

VENUE

3. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 1391(b), venue is proper in the District in which this complaint is filed, which is the judicial district in which the claims have arisen. GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL is a California corporation and or business.

PARTIES

4. Plaintiff GEORGE S. LOUIE is an individual with a physical disability within the meaning of all applicable statutes, including the ADA, 42 United States Code section 12101, et seq., California Civil Code sections 54 et. seq., and California Health and Safety Code sections 19955, et seq. Plaintiff GEORGE LOUIE is a physically disabled or "physically handicapped" person who often requires use of a wheelchair to travel about in public places. Mr. LOUIE is a diabetic whose physical conditions required the amputation of his right leg in 1996. Although he sometimes can walk with the aid of a prosthesis, at other times difficulties with sores on the stump of his amputated leg, make use of the prosthesis difficult or impossible and requires that he use a wheelchair in order to travel about in public. Plaintiff RICHARD WHITEHURST is an individual with a physical disability within the meaning of all applicable statutes, including the ADA, 42 United States Code section 12101, et seq., California Civil Code sections 54 et. seq., and California Health and Safety Code sections 19955, et seq. Plaintiff is a physically disabled or "physically handicapped" person who often requires use of a wheelchair to travel about in public places. Mr. WHITEHURST has degenerative gout whose physical conditions required the use of a wheelchair. Although he sometimes walk, at other times difficulties with sores in his limbs, makes it difficult or impossible to walk and requires that he use a wheelchair in order to travel about in public.

5. Defendants GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL , are located in SAN FRANCISCO , CA, is a for-profit partnership that owns, operates, maintains and/or controls retail establishments located in the City of SAN FRANCISCO , COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, State of California.

6. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and therefore allege, that GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL business was newly built and/or underwent substantial remodeling, repairs or alterations after 1971.

7. Defendants have known that GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL violated disability access requirements and standards, but have refused to rectify the violations.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

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2 8. GEORGE S. LOUIE is the Executive Director of the AMERICANS WITH
3 DISABILITIES ADVOCATES and is a physically disabled person who uses a wheelchair for
4 mobility. RICHARD WHITEHURST is a Member of the AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES
5 ADVOCATES and is a physically disabled person who often uses a wheelchair for mobility.

6 9. Within the last year before the filing of this complaint, Plaintiffs RICHARD
7 WHITEHURST and GEORGE S. LOUIE attempt to visit GATEWAY INN.

8 10. Plaintiffs will visit this facility on a regular basis when it comes into compliance with
9 state and federal law.

10 11. Defendants own, operate and/or maintain a public accommodation as GATEWAY
11 INN AND RAKESH N PATEL located in the City of SAN FRANCISCO , COUNTY OF
12 SAN FRANCISCO, and State of California. This case arises out of Defendants' failure to
13 provide the minimum legally required access to its public accommodations for persons with
14 disabilities.

15 12. GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL have the following violation:

- 16 a. There is no Accessible route into the business due to steps (absolutely no
17 handicapped accessible signage), a violation of ADAAG section 4.1.2(1) and
18 Title 24 1107A.2.1. There are 3 steps leading into the facility.
- 19 b. Plaintiffs attempted to use the restroom and its facilities. Plaintiffs were
20 unable to get their wheelchairs through the narrow doorways of the restroom
21 because the doorway was too narrow to accommodate persons with
22 disabilities, who use wheelchairs, and the restrooms were configured in
23 violation of the requirements of the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990,
24 42 U.S.C. Sections 12101, et. seq. and 28 C.F.R. Ch 1 (7-1-94 Edition)
25 Sections 36.34 et. seq. On information and belief, the men's restroom is
26 inaccessible to persons with disabilities and other aspects, including but not
27 limited to the narrowness of the doorways lack of sufficient turning space
28 adjacent to the sink, the lack of proper configured sink and hardware for the

1 use by a disabled person who uses a wheelchair, lack of grab bars in the toilet
2 stall; lack of a raised toilet seat; lack of full length restroom mirror.

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4 13. The inaccessibility of GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL to persons
5 with disabilities is illegal, degrading and humiliating.

6 14. Many of the actions which Defendants failed to make GATEWAY INN AND
7 RAKESH N PATEL accessible to persons with disabilities were readily achievable, required
8 by law and would have greatly assisted persons with disabilities at little expense to Defendants.

9 15. Because of these barriers, entering this facility was impossible for persons with
10 mobility disabilities, such as the Plaintiffs, to gain access to this facility.

11 16. California's Unruh Civil Rights Act, Civil Code Section 52(a) reads as follows:
12 Whoever denies, aids or incites a denial, or makes any discrimination or distinction contrary to
13 Section 51, 51.5 or 51.6, is liable for each and every offense for the actual damages, and any
14 amount that may be determined by a jury, or a court sitting without jury, up to a maximum of
15 three times the amount of actual damage but in no case less than four thousand dollars
16 (\$4,000.00), and any attorney's fees that may be determined by the court in addition thereto,
17 suffered by any person denied the rights provided in Section 51, 51.5, or 51.6. Amended January
18 1st, 2002.

19 17. The Attorney General of the State of California believes that the former \$1,000.00
20 damage award is unlikely to have sufficient deterrent effect on the discriminatory practices of a
21 large company. Defendants may have had hundreds or thousands of transactions that violated
22 the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and the California's Unruh Civil Rights Act and
23 which would have unjustly enriched them. Thus, the prospect of paying an occasional four
24 thousand dollars (\$4,000.00) damage award due to a discriminatory practice may be calculated
25 as an absorbable cost of doing business. The minimum amount was increased to at least
26 \$4,000.00. See California's Unruh Civil Rights Act Section 52(a), Amended January 1st, 2002.
27 This legislation was supported by California Attorney General, Anti-Defamation League and
28 California School Employees Association.

18. The United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit in Botosan vs. Paul McNally Realty, 216 F.3rd 827 at 835 (June 20, 2000) held that, "Consumer was entitled to award of statutory minimum damages under California's Unruh Civil Rights Act, even without prove of actual damages", and "Proof of actual damages is not prerequisite to recovery of statutory minimum damages under California's Unruh Civil Rights Act." West's Ann.Cal.Civ.Code §52.

FIRST CLAIM

(Violation of the Americans With Disabilities Act)

19. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference herein the allegations in paragraphs 1-18, inclusive.

20. Defendants' acts and omissions alleged herein are in violations of the ADA, 42 U.S.C. sections 12101, et. seq., and the regulations promulgated thereunder, 28 Code of Federal Regulations Part 36.

21. GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL is a public accommodation covered by Title III of the ADA.

22. Defendants have failed to remove barriers to be accessed by persons with disabilities at GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL where removal of such barriers is readily achievable.

23. Defendants have failed to provide necessary auxiliary aids and services at GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL where provision of such auxiliary aids and services does not pose an undue burden.

24. Defendants have failed to modify policies and procedures at GATEWAY INN AND RAKESH N PATEL to ensure equal access for persons with disabilities.

25. Defendants' conduct constitutes ongoing and continuous violations of the ADA and, unless restrained from doing so, Defendants will continue to violate said law. Said conduct, unless enjoined, will continue to inflict injuries for which Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at

1 law. Consequently, Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief pursuant to section 308 of the ADA
2 (42 U.S.C. §12188). Plaintiffs are also entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

3 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request relief as set forth below.

4
5 **SECOND CLAIM**

6 (Violation of Cal. Civ. Code §§54, et. seq.)

7
8 26. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference herein the allegations in paragraphs 1-25,
9 inclusive.

10 27. The SUBJECT FACILITY constitutes a public accommodation within the meaning
11 of California Civil Code sections 54.1 and 54.3.

12 28. Defendants have violated Plaintiffs' rights by denying them full and equal access to
13 and use and enjoyment of GATEWAY INN and in doing so, Defendants have acted willfully and
14 maliciously.

15 29. Defendants' actions constitute a violation of Plaintiffs' rights under California Civil
16 Code sections 54, et. seq., and therefore, Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief remedying the
17 violations. Plaintiffs are also entitled to damages under California Civil Code section 52(a).

18 30. Plaintiffs are also entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

19 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request relief as set forth below.

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21 **THIRD CLAIM**

22 (Violation of Cal. Civ. Code §§51, and §§52(a) et. seq.)

23 31. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference herein the allegations in paragraphs 1-30
24 inclusive.

25 32. The conduct of Defendants is in violation of California Civil Code sections 51, et.
26 seq., the Unruh Civil Rights Act, in that patrons of the SUBJECT FACILITY who have physical
27 disabilities have either not been provided services and facilities that are provided to other persons
28 or have been provided services and facilities that are not equal to, and are inferior to, the services
provided to persons who do not have disabilities.

1 33. Defendants have committed additional violations of the Unruh Civil Rights Act, in
2 that the conduct alleged herein constitutes a violation of various provisions of the ADA, 42
3 U.S.C. sections 12101, et. seq., as set forth below.

4 34. The conduct of the Defendants was and is in violation of the Unruh Civil Rights Act,
5 California Civil Code sections 51, et. seq., and therefore Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief
6 remedying the violations. Plaintiffs are also entitled under California Civil Code section 52 to
7 damages.

8 35. Plaintiffs are also entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

9 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request relief as set forth below.

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11 **FOURTH CLAIM**

12 (Violation of Cal. Health &
13 Safety Code §§19955, et. seq.)

14 36. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference herein the allegations in paragraphs 1-35, inclusive.

15 37. The SUBJECT FACILITY is a public accommodation within the meaning of
16 California Health and Safety Code section 19955 and Defendants have constructed and/or altered
17 the SUBJECT FACILITY within the meaning of California Health and Safety Code section
18 19959. The actions of Defendants constitute a denial of access to and use of the SUBJECT
19 FACILITY by persons with physical disabilities.

20 38. Defendants' failure to fulfill its duty to provide access have caused Plaintiffs to suffer
21 injury.

22 39. As a result of Defendants' violation of Health and Safety Code sections 19955, et.
23 seq., described herein, Plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief pursuant to Health and Safety
24 Code section 19953.

25 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request relief as set forth below.

26
27 **FIFTH CLAIM**
28 **(Negligence)**

1 40. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference herein the allegations in paragraphs 1-39,
2 inclusive.

3 41. Defendants had and continue to have a duty to exercise ordinary care.

4 42. Defendants failed, and continue to fail, to exercise ordinary care.

5 43. As an actual and proximate result of Defendants' failure to exercise ordinary care,
6 Plaintiffs suffered damages in an amount to be determined by proof.

7 44. At all times relevant hereto, there was in effect, the Americans With Disabilities Act,
8 California Civil Code sections 51, et. seq., California Civil Code sections 54, et. seq., and
9 California Health and Safety Code sections 19955, et. seq., all of which have required that
10 public accommodations and facilities provide services to people with disabilities which are
11 equal to, and are not inferior to, the services provided to patrons who are not physically
12 disabled.

13 45. Defendants' acts and omissions alleged herein are in violation of statutory
14 requirements (including, but not limited to, the Americans With Disabilities Act, California
15 Health and Safety Code sections 51, et. seq., and public policy, which statutes are designed to
16 protect persons with disabilities from the type of harm inflicted on Plaintiffs.

17 46. Defendants' conduct thus constitutes negligence and negligence per se.

18 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request relief as set forth below.

19 **SIXTH CLAIM**

20 (Declaratory Relief)

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22 47. Plaintiffs incorporated by reference herein the allegations in paragraph 1-46,
23 inclusive.

24 48. Plaintiffs contend, and are informed and believe that Defendants deny that the
25 SUBJECT FACILITY fails to comply with applicable laws prohibiting discrimination against
26 persons with disabilities and are in violation of statutes including, but not limited to, California
27 Civil Code sections 54, et. seq., California Civil Code sections 51, et. seq., the ADA, and
28 California Health and Safety Code sections 19955, et. seq.

1 49. A judicial declaration is necessary and appropriate at this time in order that each of
2 the parties may know their respective rights and duties and act accordingly.

3 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request relief as set forth below.

4 **SEVENTH CLAIM**

5 **(VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE, SECTION §3345, UNFAIR OR**
6 **DECEPTIVE PRACTICES AGAINST SENIOR CITIZENS OR DISABLED PERSONS,**
7 **TREBLE DAMAGES)**

8 50. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference paragraphs 1-49 above.

9 51. This section shall apply only in actions brought by, on behalf of, or for the benefit of
10 senior citizens or disabled persons as those terms are defined in subdivisions (f) and (g) of
11 Section 1761, to redress unfair or deceptive acts or practices or unfair methods of competition.

12 52. Whenever a trier of fact is authorized by a statute to impose either a fine, or a civil
13 penalty or other penalty, or any other remedy the purpose of effect of which is to punish or deter,
14 and the amount of the fine, penalty, or other remedy is subject to the trier of fact's discretion, the
15 trier of fact shall consider all of the following factors, in addition to other appropriate factors, in
16 determining the amount of fine, civil penalty or other penalty, or other remedy in an amount up
17 to three times greater than authorized by the statute, or, where the statute does not authorize a
18 specific amount, up to three times greater than the amount the trier of fact would impose in the
19 absence of that affirmative finding:

20 53. The defendant knew or should have known that his or her conduct was directed to
21 one or more senior citizens or disabled persons.

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26 **RELIEF REQUESTED**

27 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment as follows:
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1 1. An order and judgment enjoining Defendants from violating the ADA, 42 United
2 States Code sections 12101, et. seq., California Civil Code sections 51, et. seq., California Health
3 and Safety Code sections 19955, et. seq.;

4 2. A declaration that the SUBJECT FACILITY is designed and operated in a manner
5 which discriminates against persons with physical disabilities and which fails to provide full
6 access for persons with disabilities as required by law;

7 3. Damages in an amount to be determined by proof;

8 4. Treble damages pursuant to California Civil Code sections 52(a) and 54.3 and section
9 1021.5 Code of Civil Procedure;

10 5. Treble damages pursuant to California Civil Code section 3345;

11 6. Pre-judgement interest pursuant to section 3291 of the Civil Code;

12 7. All damages as afforded by Civil Code section 54.3 for which the Defendants have
13 denied to Plaintiffs equal access for the disabled;

14 8. Plaintiffs' reasonable attorney's fees and costs;

15 9. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.
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1 DATED: July 16, 2003

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4 CHARLA R. DUKE, Esq.
Attorney for Plaintiffs
Americans With Disabilities
5 Advocates, RICHARD
6 WHITEHURST and GEORGE S.
LOUIE

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8 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

9 PLAINTIFFS hereby demands a jury for all claims for which a jury
10 is permitted.

11 Dated: July 16, 2003

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13 CHARLA R. DUKE, Esq.
Attorney for Plaintiffs
14 Americans With Disabilities
15 Advocates, RICHARD
16 WHITEHURST and GEORGE S.
LOUIE
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